

Delaware Workers' Compensation Overview *Quick Guide*

Time Period for Filing:

First Report of Injury:	10 days.
Waiting Period for TTD:	3 days.
Filing a claim (notice):	90 days.
Notice of Occupational Disease:	6 months.
Initial notice of denial or acceptance:	15 days after knowledge of alleged injury.
Payment or denial of Medical exp:	30 days from receipt of bills and records.
Payment of agreed upon benefits:	14 days.
Filing for dependency benefits:	18 months from date of death.

Statute of Limitations:

File Initial Claim:	2 years.
Occupational Disease:	1 year (from date claimant had knowledge).
File Additional Claims:	5 years (from date of last compensation paid).
Appeal from UR:	45 days.
Appeal from IAB Award:	30 days.

Failure to Reach an Agreement:

The claimant has two years from the date of injury to file a Petition to Determine Compensation Due following the denial of a claim. The carrier must provide notice of the SOL to the claimant at the time of denial.

Penalties for Late Payment (Huffman Demand):

Failure to pay or late payment of compensable benefits can result in liquidated damages up to the amount of the benefits owed. Upon proper demand a carrier has 30 days to pay all benefits owed. At the expiration of 30 days damages accrue at 10% per day up to 100% of the amount due, plus attorney fees and costs.

Penalties for Late Medical Payments:

Bills submitted by certified providers with the invoice and medical records must be paid or denied within 30 days. Failure to comply subjects the invoice to interest at a rate of 1% per month to the provider. Failure to pay could also subject the carrier to a fine of up to \$5,000.00 per occurrence.

Forms:

See <https://dia.delawareworks.com/workers-comp/forms.php> for available forms.

Hearing:

Hearings are held before the Industrial Accident Board, consisting of two Board members and a Hearing Officer (Dept. of Labor attorney). Parties may stipulate to have the case heard by a Hearing Officer in lieu of a full Board. Prior to the hearing parties exchange discovery, subpoena records and depose expert witnesses unavailable to testify live (no deposition of Claimant permitted). No other discovery (e.g. interrogatories) is permitted.

Board Decision:

The Board is supposed to issue its decision in two weeks, but in practice it takes much longer. If the claimant receives any award, they are entitled to reimbursement of medical witness fee. If the award is more than what the carrier offered outside 30 day rule, the claimant will be awarded an attorney's fee.

30-day Rule:

• 30 days before the hearing, witnesses must be named, all production exchanged, defenses and issues noticed, and settlement offers made. Anything after this date may be excluded at hearing.

Appeal:

Any party dissatisfied with the Board's Award may file an appeal to the Superior Court. An appeal is on the record and the Court will only review for legal error or lack of substantial evidence to support the decision. A decision may be appealed in part; however, any award not appealed must be paid.

If the claimant prevails on appeal, they are entitled to attorney fees for prosecution of the appeal. A party may appeal a decision of the Superior Court to the Supreme Court.

Terminating Benefits:

An employer/carrier may file a Petition for Review to end wage loss benefits if the claimant is physically capable of returning to work, has returned to work, or has failed to comply with medical treatment/voc rehab. The carrier cannot stop payments without an order or a signed receipt from the claimant. When a Termination Petition is filed the Workers' Compensation Fund will pay benefits to the claimant if the employer is not self-insured. If the Termination Petition is not granted, must repay the fund.

Compensability of Injuries:

The scheme for compensation for work-related injuries is without regard to fault. Compensation is paid for injuries that "but for" a work accident would not occur, for occupational disease and for cumulative detrimental effect. Work accidents can aggravate, accelerate, cause or contribute to pre-existing injuries.

Occupational Disease (OD):

An occupational disease is compensable if it arose in the course and scope of employment, and if the exposure occurred during employment. For prolonged exposure use "last injurious exposure" rule.

Compensation Prohibited:

Limited defenses available are voluntary horseplay, assault personally motivated, coming and going rule, employee's own intoxication, and willful, wanton disregard for safety.

Exclusivity:

The claimant/employee may not sue the employer, or a co-employee for a compensable work injury.

Intentional Acts By Third Parties:

The employee must show that the actions of the third-party arose in the course and scope of his employment to be compensable. Actions of a personal nature are not compensable.

Worker's Compensation Fund (Second Injury Fund):

The Fund pays benefits when a subsequent permanent injury results in total disability. Additionally the Fund pays weekly benefits during the pendency of a Petition for Review to end total or partial disability.

Settlements:

Claims, including medicals, may be completely closed by a "full and final" commutations. Settlements, however, must be approved by the IAB. Settlements including Medical benefits must protect the interests of Medicare, which may include obtaining a Medicare Set-Aside.

Average Weekly Wage:

The AWW is calculated based upon the 26 weeks of gross wages prior to the date of injury. Subject to maximum and minimum set by Department of Labor. If the AWW is lower than the State minimum, the compensation rate is equal to the AWW

Medical Benefits:

The employer/carrier must provide reasonable and necessary medical treatment casually related to the injury. In order to contest casually related treatment in a compensable claim, the carrier must submit the bill(s) to Utilization Review (UR) with the Delaware Department of Labor within 15 days of denial of the bill.

Medical Examinations:

The employer/carrier has the right to request a defense medical examination (DME). There is no right to direct treatment.

Indemnity Benefits:

- Temporary Total Disability (TTD): Paid at 2/3 the AWW not to exceed the State Maximum or go below minimum (See chart), except if AWW is less than the minimum then AWW is also the compensation rate.
- Temporary Partial Disability (TPD): Employee can recover up to 300 weeks for loss of earning power due to physical restrictions, paid at 2/3 of such loss.
- Permanency Benefits: Awarded for permanent impairment (See chart). Compensation rate can change to maximum or minimum at time these benefits become permanent.
- Disfigurement Benefits: Benefits for visible and offensive scarring. Benefit is up to 150 weeks or weeks given for permanency plus 20%. Compensation rate can change to maximum or minimum at time these benefits become permanent.

Death Benefits/Dependency:

Burial benefits are paid to a maximum of \$3500, although excess expenses may be approved by the Board. Benefits of 66 2/3% to 80% of the deceased's AWW are to be paid to the surviving spouse until death, or to children until the child reaches 18, unless a full time student then until 25.

Vocational Rehabilitation:

A carrier may retain a vocational expert to conduct a Labor Market Survey to prove job availability within the employee's medical restrictions. No personal interview unless permitted by the claimant's attorney. The Board may also order vocational rehabilitation.

WORKERS' COMPENSATION BENEFITS

State Maximum AWW and RATE CHART

Max = 66 2/3% of the State AWW

Min = 22 2/3% of the State AWW

	State AWW	Maximum	Minimum
7/01/2024	\$1,328.01	\$885.34	\$295.12
7/01/2023	\$1,301.27	\$867.52	\$289.18
7/01/2022	\$1,234.04	\$822.70	\$274.24
7/01/2021	\$1,196.64	\$797.97	\$265.99
7/01/2020	\$1,121.49	\$747.66	\$249.22
7/01/2019	\$1,088.84	\$725.65	\$241.96
7/01/2018	\$1,070.48	\$713.65	\$237.88
7/01/2017	\$1,030.49	\$686.99	\$229.00
7/01/2016	\$1,034.18	\$689.45	\$229.82
7/01/2015	\$1,019.44	\$679.83	\$226.54
7/01/2014	\$998.35	\$665.57	\$221.86
7/01/2013	\$991.19	\$660.79	\$220.26

Medical Benefits paid per the fee schedule effective 7/01/2018

PERMANENT PARTIAL DISABILITY

Rating (%) x maximum weeks = benefit weeks

CR = TTD rate or MAX/Min rate at MMI

Permanent Partial Disability (PPD)

Arm/leg/hip	250 weeks
Hand	220 weeks
Foot	160 weeks
Eye	200 weeks
Hearing	175 weeks
Thumb, hearing one ear	75 weeks
Index finger	50 weeks
2 nd finger, great toe	40 weeks
3 rd finger	30 weeks
Little finger	20 weeks
Other toes	15 weeks
Other cases	300 weeks
Disfigurement (0-150 or PPD +20%)	150 weeks